

Crane Components_

Operating and Maintenance Instructions

EN

STAHL 
Crane Systems

Fundamental information

You have purchased a product manufactured by STAHL CraneSystems GmbH.
These crane components have been constructed in compliance with the applicable standards and regulations.

Inspect components for damage caused in transit immediately upon delivery.

Report damage caused in transit and after consulting the manufacturer/supplier repair or have repaired before installation and commissioning.
Do not install or commission damaged components!

- **Assembly**
- **installation**
- **commissioning**
- **testing**
- **maintenance and fault clearance**

may only be carried out by a qualified person

Terms employed

User

Whoever uses and employs the crane components or has them operated by suitable trained personnel is considered to be the user (employer/company).

Trained personnel

Trained personnel are persons who have been instructed and trained in the duties with which they are entrusted and the risks which may arise from incorrect behaviour, have been advised on the necessary protective devices, precautions, applicable regulations, accident prevention regulations and prevailing conditions and have proven their ability.

Skilled electrician

A skilled electrician possesses knowledge and experience on electrical equipment arising from specialist training and, with knowledge of the applicable standards and regulations, is able to assess the work with which he is entrusted and detect and avoid possible risks.

Definition of a qualified person (specialist):

A qualified person is one with the necessary qualification, based on theoretical and practical knowledge of hoists, for the required activities as listed in the operating instructions.

The person must be in a position to assess the safety of the installation in conjunction with the application.

Persons with the authority to undertake certain maintenance work on our products include service engineers of manufacturer and trained fitters with the corresponding certification.

Seminars:

Comprehensive understanding of material handling products is a prerequisite for the correct use of equipment. Competent and practically oriented, we impart the specialist knowledge required for the correct use, monitoring and care of your installation. Ask for our seminar programme → you will find information on it on the last page.

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1 Safety instructions

1.1 Symbols



Safety at work

This symbol marks all information on safety at work where risks to life and limb are entailed.



Warning of electrical voltage

Covers such as hoods and caps which are marked with this symbol may only be opened by "qualified persons or suitably instructed personnel".



Warning of suspended load

It is forbidden for persons to stand under suspended loads. This entails risks to life and limb!



Safety in operation

Information marked with this symbol must be observed to avoid causing damage.

In these operating instructions, these symbols mark particularly important information on risks and safety in operation.

1.2 Operating instructions

Read carefully and observe the operating instructions.

1 Safety instructions

1.3 Use for intended purpose

- Crane components are intended for the construction of cranes and similar installations. They may only be used in accordance with their design principles.
- Do not carry out any alterations or modifications. Additional fitments must be authorised by the manufacturer. Non-compliance will invalidate the declaration of conformity.

Not permitted:

- Exceeding the safe working load
- Pulling loads loose
- If the crane component forms "part of a machine," the person placing it on the market must ensure that the hoist meets the specific regulations of the application

1.4 Safety-conscious operation



The crane components are constructed according to the state of the art. In spite of this, dangers may arise from incorrect use or use for an unintended purpose.

- The operator is responsible for ensuring that work is carried out with safety in mind and avoiding risks. (EC Directive 99/92/EC, decree on safety in operation).
- Read the operating instructions before starting work.
- Before starting work, find out where the EMERGENCY STOP button is (usually in the control pendant).
- Report damage and defects to the crane component (abnormal noises, impaired braking function, deformations, ...) to the person responsible immediately. Do not use the component until the faults have been eliminated.

1.5 Organisational safety precautions

- Only direct persons to operate the system if they have been trained or instructed in its use. Observe the legal minimum age! You will find information on our seminar programme on the last page.
- At regular intervals, check that work is being carried out in a safety-conscious manner.
- Observe the intervals specified for periodic tests. File the test reports in the test log book.
- Store the operating instructions within easy reach where the crane is operated.

1.6 General regulations

- Safety regulations and accident prevention regulations.
- Statutory regulations relating to the EC Directive.
- National regulations
- See also operating instructions of AS, SH wire rope hoists or ST chain hoists.

1.7 Installation, commissioning, maintenance and repairs

- **Installation, commissioning, maintenance and repairs may be carried out by qualified persons only**, see page 2.
- We recommend having installation carried out by the manufacturer's personnel.
- Use only **original spare parts** for repairs, otherwise the warranty will become invalid.
- Additional fitments must not prejudice safety.
- Electrical connection and the electrical function test may only be performed by a trained electrician.
- Our after-sales service will advise you on correct use of the equipment. Repairs will be carried out professionally and quickly by our trained personnel. You will find information on this on the back cover.

1 Safety instructions

1.8 Warranty

- The warranty will become invalid if these operating instructions are not observed for installation, operation, inspection and maintenance.
- Repairs and elimination of faults within the scope of the warranty may only be performed by qualified personnel (see page 2) after the manufacturer/supplier has been consulted and has given his approval.
The warranty will become invalid if the crane component is modified or original spare parts not used

1.9 Periodic tests



Crane components must be inspected by a **qualified person**, see page 2 at least once a year, possibly more frequently if so required by national regulations. The results of the test must be recorded and filed in the test log book.

The periodic tests must be adapted to the use of the crane components. Intensive use entails shorter maintenance intervals.

All tests must be initiated by the user (see page 2).

1.10 After sales service

With the purchase of these crane components, you have decided on a high-quality product. Our after sales service will give you advice on its correct use. You will find information on our after-sales service on the back cover.

In order to maintain the safety and constant availability of your wire rope hoist, we recommend concluding a maintenance agreement on the basis of which we will undertake the "periodic tests" on your behalf.

Repairs will be carried out professionally and quickly by our trained personnel.

2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.1 Assembly of endcarriage

2.1.1 Endcarriage type KEH-B

The endcarriages for suspension cranes KEH-B are supplied in pairs dismantled.

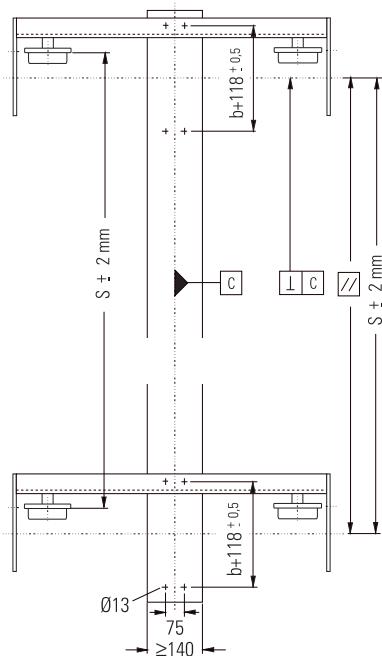
4 endcarriage side cheeks

1 set of bolt connection parts consisting of:

- connecting bolts for crane girder
- endcarriage connecting bolts
- rubber buffers with special fixing nut



Before assembly, please check that the capacity of the endcarriage is adequate for the intended application of the crane, see "Technical data".

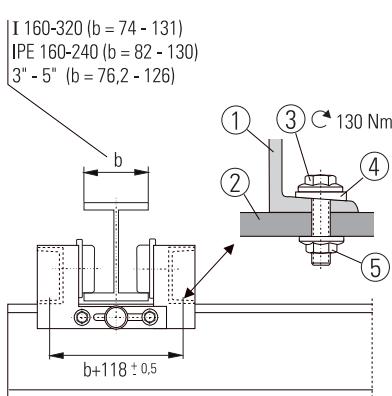


2.1.2 Drilling crane girder connection

The distance between the holes along the length of the crane girder depends on the flange width of the crane runway and the span.

Mark and drill holes as per sketch.

We recommend using our special tools or assembly aids. See chapter 7, "Wearing parts".



2.1.3 Assembly of endcarriage and crane girder

- Lay an inside and outside side cheek (1) on each crane girder (2) and bolt on loosely with the crane girder connection parts (3) - (5).
- Check that the side cheeks are parallel and at right angles and that the span is correct.
- Tighten bolt connection (3) - (5) as per specification with 130 Nm.

- (1) Endcarriage side cheek
- (2) Crane girder
- (3) Locking bolt M12x40vz
- (4) Limpet washer DIN 6918-13 tZn
- (5) Locknut M12 vz

2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.1 Assembly of endcarriage

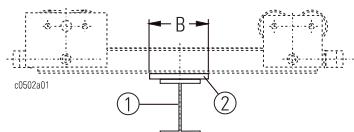
2.1.4 Endcarriage type KEH-A

The endcarriage for suspension cranes KEH-A is supplied as standard fitted with wheelsets, end buffers, travel drive and endcarriage connection parts.

- Check that the capacity of the endcarriage is adequate for the intended application of the crane, see "Technical data".

2.1.5 On assembly

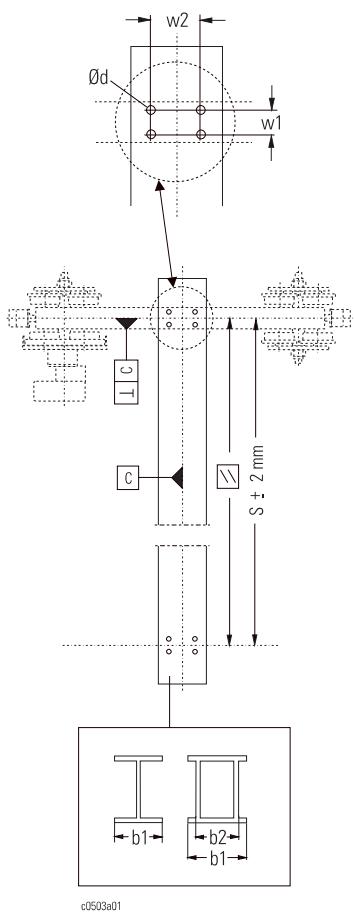
Perfect crane geometry is achieved by particularly careful assembly of endcarriage and crane girder. This guarantees smooth running of the crane causing little wear.



2.1.6 Preparation of crane girder

If the width of the crane girder (1) is narrower than the minimum width specified (B), the crane girder must be widened by means of suitable shims (2) to ensure the necessary clearance to the bolt connections.

The contact surfaces between endcarriage and crane girder must be completely free of rust, dust, oil, paint, etc.!



2.1.7 Drilling crane girder connection

The endcarriage is connected to the crane girder with a friction-locked non-slip connection. The precision essential for the connection holes can be ensured by:

1. using a drilling template made by yourself (advisable when building a large number of cranes) or
2. using the endcarriage itself as a template.

Procedure for 2:

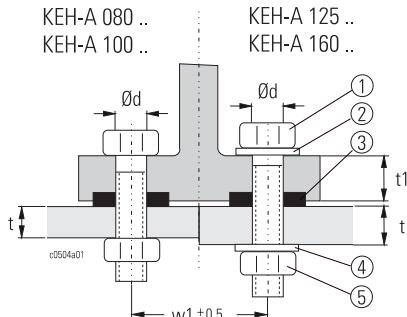
- Lay both endcarriages onto the crane girder, align to ensure correct span and right angles
- Mark drilling pattern, remove endcarriages
- Drill connecting holes. **Pre-drilling a smaller hole increases accuracy!**

If the crane girder must be widened by means of shims, we recommend first drilling the shim and then welding it to the crane girder (see "Preparing crane girder").

KEH-A ..					I		II	
	Ød		w1		b1		w2	
	[mm]						b1	w2
080 10.1E	13	62	≥ 180	120	≥ 350	250	-	-
080 18.1E								
080 25.1E	17	70	≥ 300	150	≥ 350	250	-	-
100 18.1E								
100 25.1E							≥ 450	350
125 25.1E	21	95			≥ 400	260	≥ 500	360
160 25.1E	25							

2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.1 Assembly of endcarriage



2.1.8 Endcarriage type KEH-A (continued)

Assembly of endcarriage and crane girder

- Hammer washers (3) into the recesses in the endcarriage
- Fix bolt connection parts (1) and (5) (KEH-A 080, 100) or (1), (2), (4), (5) and (6) (KEH-A 125, 160).

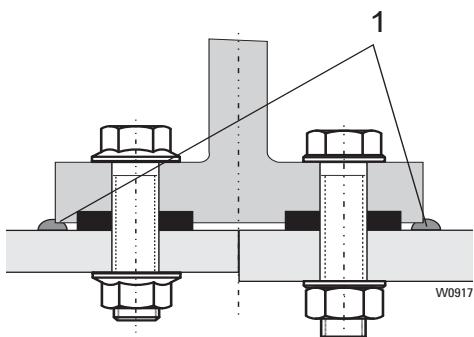
Use only original connection parts!

- Remove rust, grease, paint, etc. from contact surfaces between endcarriage and crane girder
- Tighten bolt connections as specified
- Check span and that endcarriages are parallel and at right-angles.

KEH-A ..	t	t1	①	②	③	④	⑤	*1 [Nm]
	[mm]							
080 10.1E	10-23	20	M12x60 10.9 vz	-	25x13x8	-	M12-10 vz	130
080 18.1E								
080 25.1E	12-25	21	M16x70 10.9vz	-	36x17x8	-	M16-10 vz	330
100 18.1E								
100 25.1E		22						
125 25.1E	15-20	23	M20x80 DIN 6914vz	21 DIN 6916 vz	42x21x10	2x ② 1x ②	M20 DIN 6915 vz	450
	21-25							
160 25.1E	17-20	24	M24x85 DIN 6914vz	25 DIN 6916 vz	48x25x10	2x ② 1x ②	M24 DIN 6915 vz	800
	21-25							

2.1.9 Outdoor application

- Seal gap between endcarriage and crane girder with sealant, see sketch.



*1 Values apply for original parts from manufacturer, galvanised and greased with MoS2

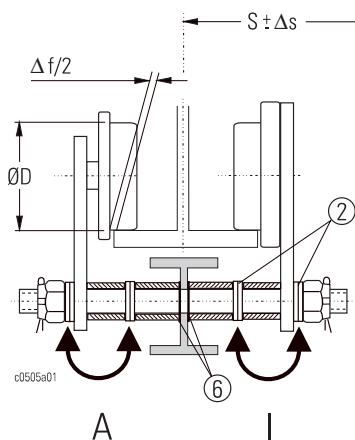
2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.2 Adjustment to crane runway

Endcarriage type KEH-A

Adjusting flange width and correcting span

The endcarriages are adjusted in the works to the flange width specified in the order. This can be corrected by shifting distance washers (2). See tables page 12 - 15.



The eccentricity arising must not exceed max. 3 mm, the total washer thickness of a travel unit must not be altered.

The correction must be identical on both travel units of an endcarriage.

2.2.1 Increasing play

By shifting distance washers (2) from outside to inside:

- Shift at (A) and (I).

KEH-A ..	ØD	$\pm\Delta f$	$\pm\Delta s$
		[mm]	
080 ...	80	1,5/3	1,5/3/4,5/6
100 ...	100		
125 ...	125	3	3/6
160 ...	160		

If only one side of an endcarriage is altered, the opposite side of the other endcarriage must be altered correspondingly :

- Left-hand endcarriage: inside
- Right-hand endcarriage: outside

If the play is altered on only one endcarriage, the other is subject to increased wear.

2.2.2 Increasing span

By shifting distance washers (2) on one or both endcarriages from inside to outside on the inside of the crane runway, and from outside to inside on the inside of the crane runway.

2.2.3 Reducing span

By shifting distance washers (2) on one or both endcarriages from outside to inside on the inside of the crane runway, and from inside to outside on the outside of the crane runway.

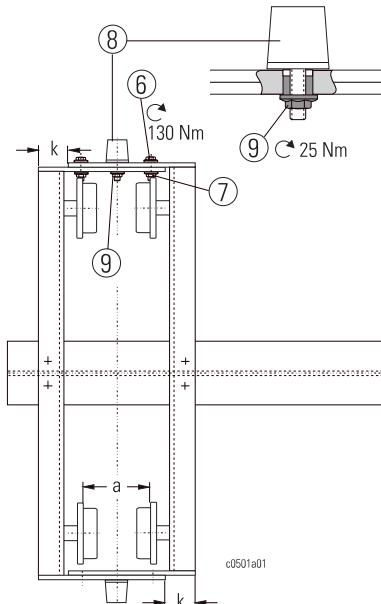
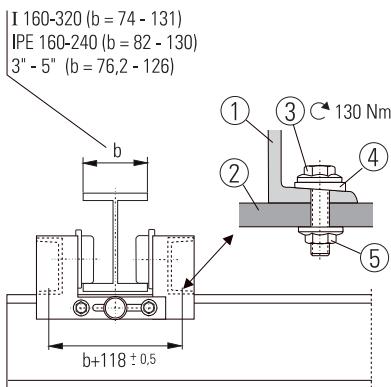
2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.4 Assembly of crane

2.4.1 Crane with endcarriage type KEH-B 080

End of crane runway accessible

- On the preassembled crane, see page 8, bolt the two side cheeks (1) not yet assembled to the crane girder (2) with parts (3) - (5). Screw down loosely.
- Bolt opposing side cheeks together (6) - (7), screw down loosely.
- Align newly assembled side cheeks to flange spacing (dimension a or k).
- Screw down all screws (3) - (5) and (6) - (7) as per specification with 130 Nm.
- Attach rubber buffer (8) by means of special nut (9), tightening torque 25 Nm; it must be in the centre of the crane runway.
- Raise crane.
- Move crane onto crane runway from open end. Ensure the electrical connection is on the correct side.



End of crane runway not accessible

- Lay preassembled crane, see page 8, under the crane runway so that the side for electrical connection of the crane is on the same side as the main power supply along the crane runway.
- Raise crane.
- Set crane down on the crane runway with the two assembled endcarriage halves. Lash the endcarriage halves to the crane runway to prevent the crane slipping off.
- Bolt the endcarriage halves not yet assembled loosely to the crane girder and the endcarriage halves already assembled.
- Align the endcarriage halves just assembled to dimension "k" using a caliper gauge.
- Screw down all fixing screws (3) - (5) and (6) - (7) as per specification with 130 Nm.
- Set buffer (8) in the centre of the crane runway and attach it with special nut (9); tightening torque 25 Nm.

Check that the crane runs smoothly over the whole runway without jamming or increased friction at the wheel flanges. Increased friction at the flanges due to poor beam quality or incorrect adjustment of the endcarriage may lead to temperature rise or increased wear. This must be avoided at all costs.

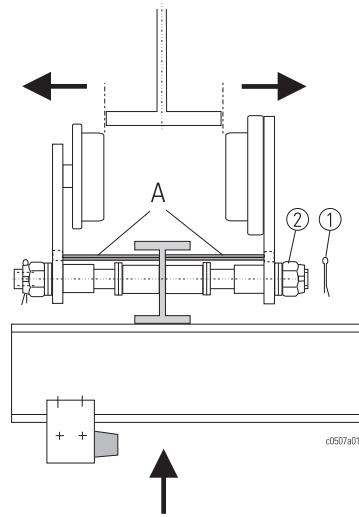
2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.4 Assembly of crane

2.4.2 Crane with endcarriage type KEH-A

End of crane runway accessible

- Raise crane.
- Push crane onto runway from open end. Take care that the electrical connection is on the correct side.

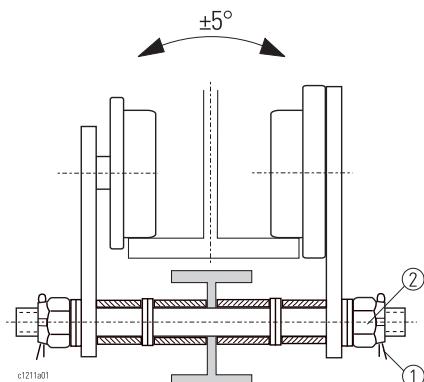


End of crane runway not accessible

- Lay crane under crane runway so that the electrical connection of the crane is on the same side as the main power supply along the crane runway
- Remove split pins (1) from the castellated nuts on the inside of the crane (2) and unscrew the castellated nuts (2)
- Pull the endcarriage side cheeks apart
N.B.: A special mounting tool (A) prevents the side cheeks from pivoting when they have been unscrewed and thus facilitates assembly.
See Product Information "Ex hoists and crane components".
- Raise crane.
- Lift crane onto crane runway, push endcarriage side cheeks together, tighten castellated nuts and set crane down on crane runway
- Tighten castellated nuts and **then unscrew them by 2 holes for split pin (M30+M36) or 4 holes for split pin (M48).**
- Fit split pin (4).

Caution:

The drive unit of the endcarriage must be able to swivel approx. 5° to both sides!



Check that the crane runs smoothly over the whole runway without jamming or increased friction at the wheel flanges. Increased friction at the flanges due to poor beam quality or incorrect adjustment of the endcarriage may lead to temperature rise or increased wear. This must be avoided at all costs.

2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.5 Inspection and maintenance table



This section deals with the operational reliability, availability, and maintaining the value of your crane endcarriages.

Although they are practically maintenance-free, the components subject to wear must be inspected regularly. This is required by the accident prevention regulations.

General information on inspection and maintenance

- Maintenance and repair work may only be carried out when the crane is not under load.
- Switch off and padlock main isolator.

Inspection and maintenance may only be performed by qualified personnel, see page 2.

Please also note the "Safety instructions" on page 5.
Wearing parts, see page 51.

No.	Inspection on commissioning*1	Daily inspection on starting work *2	Periodic inspections every 12 months *3	Periodic maintenance every 12 months *2	Maintenance after 10 years or general overhaul *4	Inspection and maintenance table (Classification: 1 Bm)	See page
1	•		•	•		Firm seating of bolt connections	44
2	•		•	•		Attachment of/damage to buffer	37
3	•		•	•		Check wheel for damage to circumference and flange Check runway and buffers	19
4			•			Travel drive: attachment	44
5	•	•	•			Check braking effect of travel drive	42
6	•			•	•	Wheel gearing: wear, lubrication (grease KP1K, e.g. Aralub PMD1)	43
7	•					Oil level	40
8					•	Change oil/grease in travel drive	43

*1 By a fitter engaged by the manufacturer

*2 By the operator

*3 Periodic maintenance every 12 months, possibly earlier if so prescribed by national regulations, to be performed by a fitter engaged by the manufacturer.

Similarly, heavy-duty applications and adverse conditions (dirt, solvents, multi-shift operation etc.) necessitate shortening this inspection and maintenance interval.

*4 In manufacturer's works.

2 Endcarriages for suspension cranes

2.6 Maintenance work

2.6.1 Wheels, wheel drive and runway

- Visual inspection of wheels for wear. See tables for limits for wear.
- Visual inspection of wheel flanges for wear.
A high degree of wear on the flanges indicates that the crane cant or is running with its weight heavily on one side. The causes of this must be ascertained and eliminated.
- Check roller bearings in wheel for uneven running and abnormal noises. Move endcarriage and spin wheels if possible.
- Visual inspection of crane runway for wear.
The rails must be laid parallel within the permissible tolerances (see page 34) to prevent the crane jamming. Rail joints must provide a smooth surface to avoid impact and deformation.
- Inspection of buffer and buffer stop.
Ensure that the buffer impact is taken up by the centre of the stop elements provided and that the materials exhibit no detrimental characteristics (rusty parts etc.).

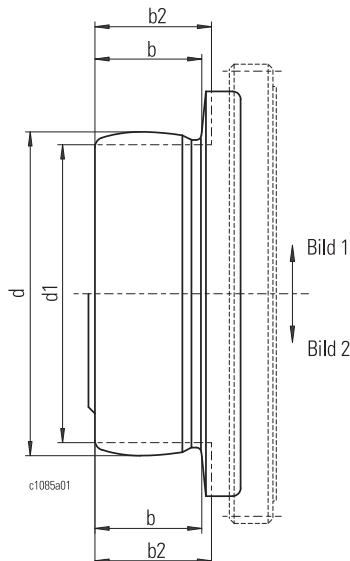


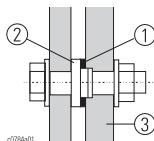
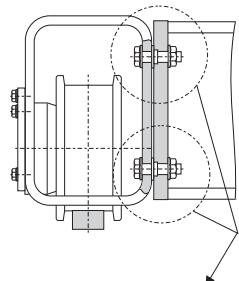
Fig.	Nominal value		Limit for wear	
	d [mm]	b [mm]	d1 [mm]	b2 [mm]
1	80	27.5	76	29,5
1	100	33	95	35
1	125	38	119	40
1	140	44.5	133	47
2		42.5		45
1	160	44.5	152	47
2	200	42.5	190	45

If any one of the limits for wear b2 or d1 is attained, the wheel must be replaced.

3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.1 Assembly of endcarriage

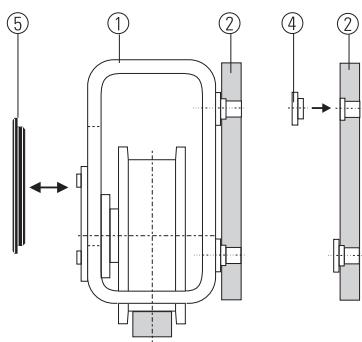
3.1.3 Connection "at side" (continued)



Correcting span

The span can be increased by up to 4 mm:

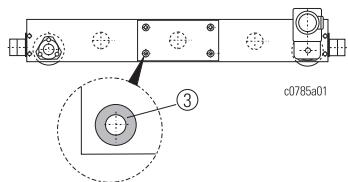
- Insert adjusting washers (1) between connection plate (3) and flanged bushing (2). (Max. 2 mm on each endcarriage, minimum thickness 0.5 mm).



Off-standard designs

If undrilled endcarriages with connection plates, flanged bushings and bolt connection parts supplied loose are used, the endcarriages must first be drilled and the connection plates then bolted to them.

- Position the connection plate as shown in the Product Information "Crane components"
- Drill endcarriage (1). (The ready-drilled connection plates can be used as a template. Countersinks on the endcarriage are not necessary.)
- Remove paint, rust and other impurities from contact surfaces (3) on endcarriage for flanged bushings (4)
- Hammer flanged bushings (4) into countersinks of connection plate
- Remove covers (5) of handholes
- Bolt connection plate (2) to endcarriage (1) with bolt connection parts see page 23.



3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.1 Assembly of endcarriage

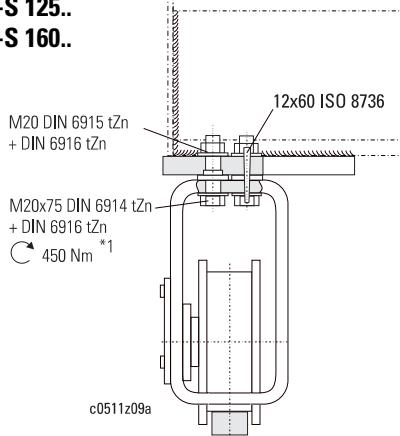
3.1.4 Connection "at top"

Welding connection plate

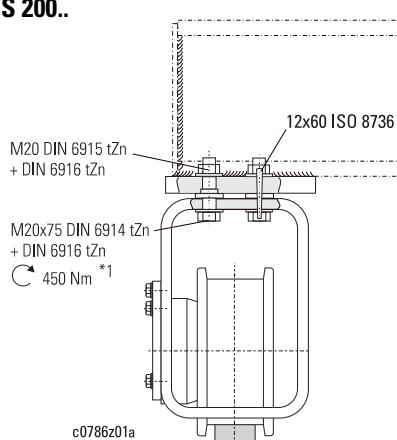
Please observe also dimensions and information given in our Product Information "Ex hoists and crane components".

- Align crane girder (1) with endcarriage (2)
- Tack-weld crane girder (1) to connection plate (3) bolted on endcarriage
- Remove covers (4) from handholes
- Remove connection plate(s) from endcarriage and weld to crane girder as specified.

KEL-S 125..
KEL-S 160..



KEL-S 200..



$S \leq 15 \text{ m}$: $\Delta s = \pm 5 \text{ mm}$
 $S \leq 20 \text{ m}$: $\Delta s = \pm 6 \text{ mm}$

Assembly of endcarriage and crane girder

The contact surfaces between endcarriage and connection plates must be free of rust, dust, oil, grease, paint and other impurities. Remove surface rust with a wire brush.

Caution! Impurities on the contact surfaces may cause the bolt connections to loosen. **This can cause a fatal accident!**

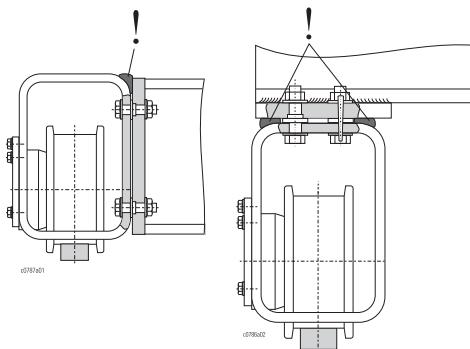
Use only original bolt connection parts!

- Bolt crane girder with connection plate welded to it to endcarriage, ↑ sketches.
- Grease thread and space between hexagonal nut and washer with molybdenum disulphide (e.g. Molycote)
- Screw down bolt connection as specified
- Check that wheel camber is right-angled
- Check span
- Use the holes ($\varnothing 12$) in the connection plate as a template for the holes in the endcarriage profile (see sketch). Ream them with a taper reamer.
 - If the crane is to be transported fully assembled, insert the tapered pins (12x60) now.
 - If the crane is to be transported dismantled, insert the tapered pins (12x60) during final assembly on site.
- Tighten bolt connection as specified
- Close handholes with covers.

*1 Values apply for original parts from manufacturer, galvanised and greased with MoS2.
• Use only original bolt connection parts!

3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.1 Assembly of endcarriage



3.1.5 Outdoor application

- For outdoor applications, seal gap between connection plate and endcarriage with sealant at top and sides, see sketch.

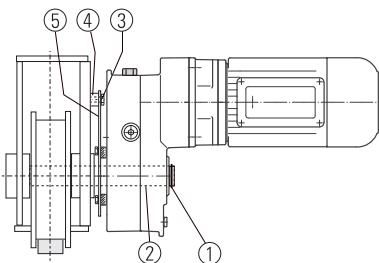
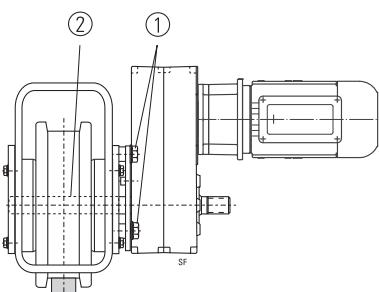
3.2 Assembly of travel drive

The SF, SU-A and SA-C travel drives are high-quality drives with smooth starting and braking characteristics as are particularly required for material handling.

The endcarriages are supplied as standard with travel drives. If a different travel drive is to be fitted, the suitability of the motor output must be checked.

3.2.1 Fitting travel drive SF...:

- Take note of installation position.
- Push travel drive into the greased hub of wheel (2)
- Bolt travel drive with torque support to endcarriage with bolts (1) ($M8 = 25 \text{ Nm}$, $M12 = 87 \text{ Nm}$, $M16 = 215 \text{ Nm}$)
- The contact surfaces of the torque support must be free of paint.
- Complete electrical connection as per circuit diagram (see page 38).



3.2.2 Fitting travel drive SA-C...:

- Remove circlip (1)
- Grease gear profile (2) of wheel shaft. (Grease KP1K, e.g. Aralub PMD1)
- Push travel drive onto wheel shaft
- Bolt torque support (5) to endcarriage with bolts (3) and spacer part (4) ($M12 = 87 \text{ Nm}$, $M16 = 215 \text{ Nm}$)
- The contact surfaces of the torque support must be free of paint.
- Replace circlip (1)
- Complete electrical connection as per circuit diagram (see page 38).

3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.3 Inspection and maintenance table



This section deals with the operational reliability, availability, and maintaining the value of your endcarriages.

Although they are practically maintenance-free, the components subject to wear must be inspected regularly. This is required by the accident prevention regulations.

General information on inspection and maintenance

- Maintenance and repair work may only be carried out when the crane is not under load.
- Switch off and padlock main isolator.

Please also note the "Safety instructions" on page 5.
Wearing parts, see page 51.

No.	Inspection on commissioning*1	Daily inspection on starting work*2	Periodic inspections every 12 months *3	Periodic maintenance every 12 months *2	Periodic maintenance after 4000 operating hours or 48 months *1, *4	Maintenance after 10 years or general overhaul *5	Inspection and maintenance table (Classification: 1 Bm)	See page
1	●		●	●			Firm seating of bolt connections	44
2	●		●	●			Attachment of/damage to buffer	37
3	●		●	●			Check wheel for damage to circumference and flange Check runway and buffers Replace wheel if clearance (f) between bottom of guide roller and top of crane runway or rail attachment is <2 mm.	28 20
4			●				Travel drive: attachment, torque support	44
5	●	●	●				Check braking effect of travel drive	42
6			●	●			Measure brake displacement	40
7	●			●		●	Wheel gearing: wear, lubrication (grease KP1K, e.g. Aralub PMD1)	43
8	●						Oil level	40
9					●		Lubricate self-aligning roller bearings (K.L-E 315)	
10						●	Change gear oil/gear grease of travel drive	43

*1 By a fitter engaged by the manufacturer

*2 By the operator

*3 Periodic maintenance every 12 months, possibly earlier if so prescribed by national regulations, to be performed by a fitter engaged by the manufacturer.

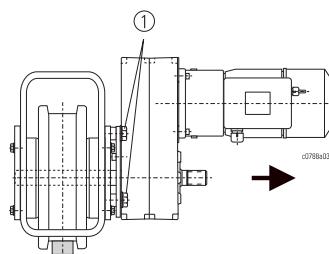
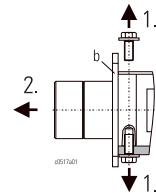
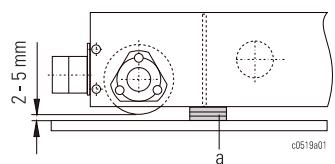
Similarly, heavy-duty applications and adverse conditions (dirt, solvents, multi-shift operation etc.) necessitate shortening this inspection and maintenance interval.

*4 In the case of high ambient temperatures or danger of dirt accumulation the lubrication intervals must be reduced accordingly

*5 In manufacturer's works.

3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4 Maintenance work (continued)



3.4.2 Dismantling wheel

Before dismantling:

- Jack endcarriage up until the flanges are free.
Then secure endcarriage with shims (a).
- Unscrew and pull out buffer plate (b).
- Removing SF .., SA-C ... travel drive:
Remove bolts (1) on torque support.
Pull travel drive off wheel shaft.

3.4.2 Dismantling wheel

KEL-S 125.. and K.L-S 160..

- Unscrew bolts of bearing covers, Fig. 1
- Move wheel and bearing with puller until wheel rests against recess in endcarriage section (x1), Fig. 2
- Screw bolt of bearing cover (c) into threaded hole of endcarriage section until it rests against wheel (x2), Fig. 2
- Pull off wheel shaft, rescue spacer ring, Fig. 3
- Roll wheel forwards out of endcarriage.

Fig. 1

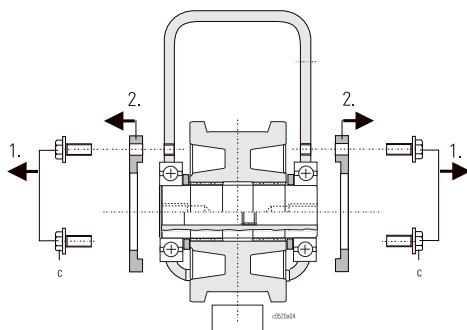


Fig. 2

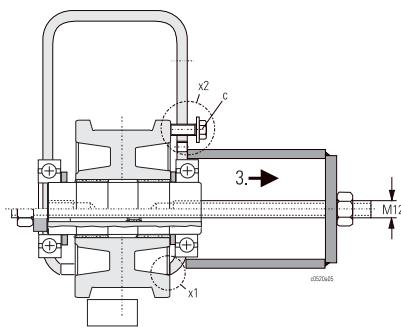
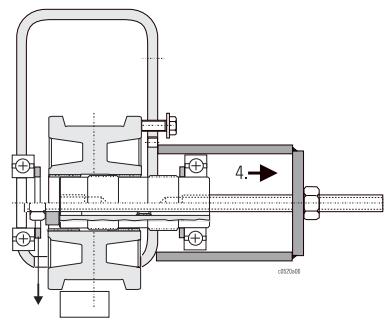


Fig. 3



3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4 Maintenance work (continued)

3.4.2 Dismantling wheel

K. L-S 200 and K. L-S 315

- Unscrew bolts of bearing covers, Fig. 4
- Press bearing covers off with 2 bolts, Fig. 5
- Roll wheel forwards out of endcarriage.

Fig. 4

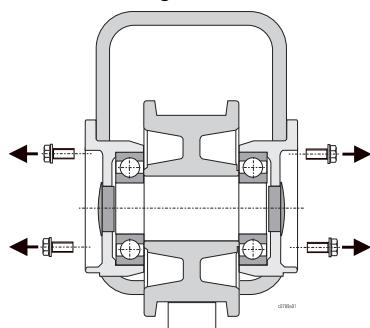
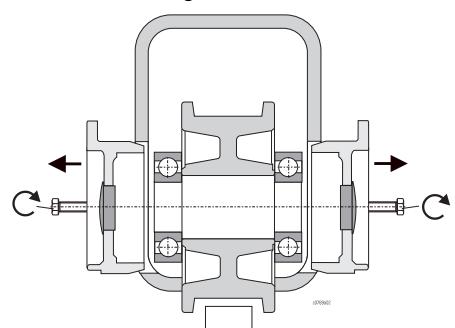


Fig. 5



3.4.2 Dismantling wheel

K.L-E 315

- Remove plastic cap and circlip from wheel shaft, Fig. 8 and 9.
- Pull wheel shaft out of wheel on drive side, Fig. 8 and 9.
- Remove bolts of bearing flanges, except the top centre bolt on the endcarriage side (to secure bolt), Fig. 6-9.
- Press bearing flanges off with 2 bolts, Fig. 7 und 9.
- Roll wheel forwards out of endcarriage.

Fig. 6

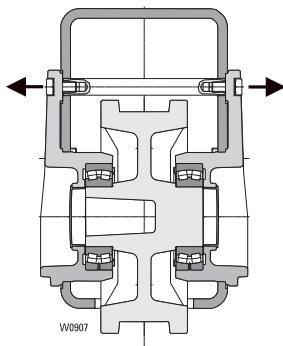


Fig. 7

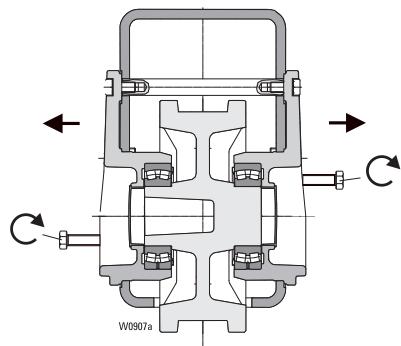


Fig. 8

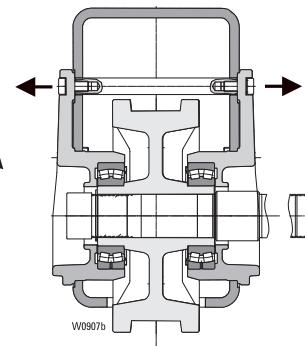
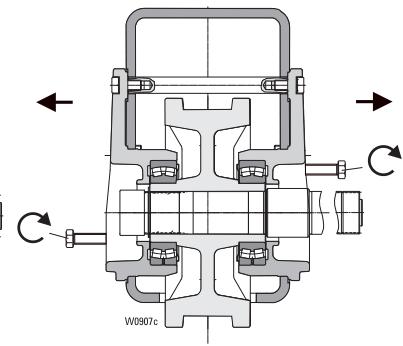


Fig. 9



3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4.2 Dismantling wheel

K. L-C 400 and KZL-F 500

- Remove bearing covers and circlips, Fig. 6
- Remove wheel shaft off with puller, Fig. 7. **Caution:** The wheel axle can only be removed towards the side with the visible marking groove and the wheel shaft only towards the travel drive side.
- Roll wheel forwards out of endcarriage.

Fig. 10

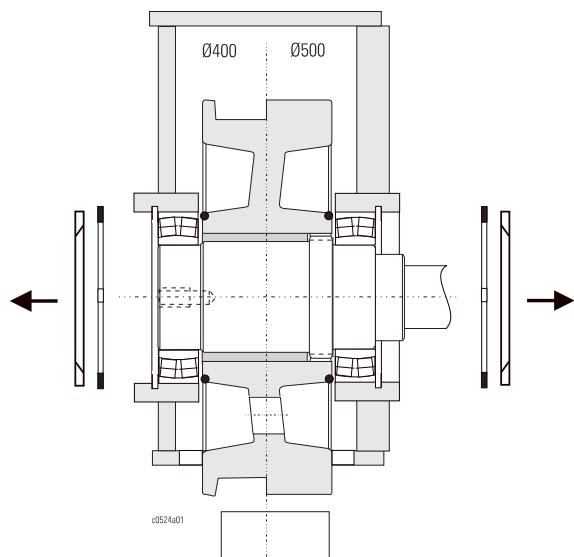
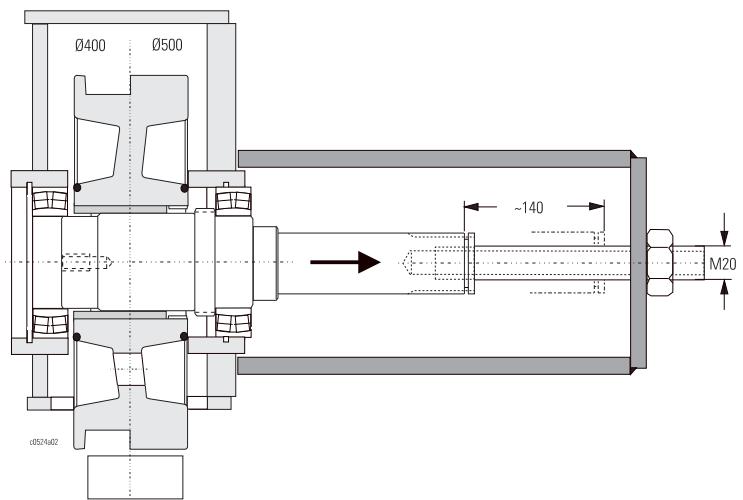


Fig. 11



3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4 Maintenance work (continued)

3.4.3 Refitting wheel KEL-S 125.. and K.L-S 160.. after replacing bearing

- Grease bearing seats and gearing of wheel axle/shaft. (Grease KPF 1K, e.g. Aralub PMD1)
- Press spacer ring and bearing onto wheel axle/shaft as far as collar, Fig. 1
- Roll wheel into endcarriage from front
- Insert wheel axle/shaft with bearing and spacer ring into wheel until the gearing touches (!), Fig. 1
- Insert wheel axle/shaft into hole in wheel, Fig. 2
- Fit spacer ring and bearing to shaft, Fig. 3
- Fit bearing covers, Fig. 4
- Lower endcarriage onto crane runway

Fig. 1

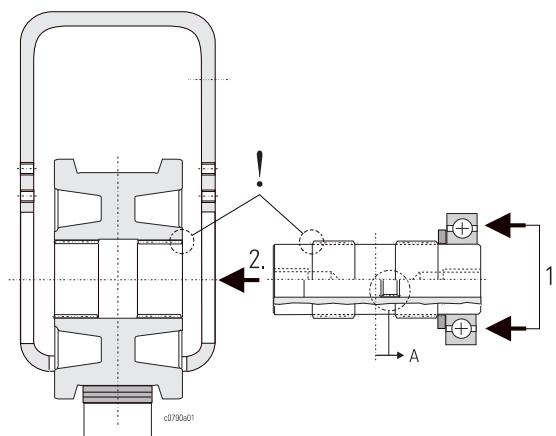


Fig. 2

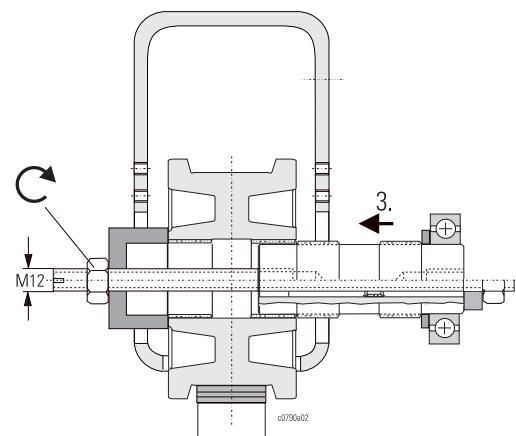


Fig. 3

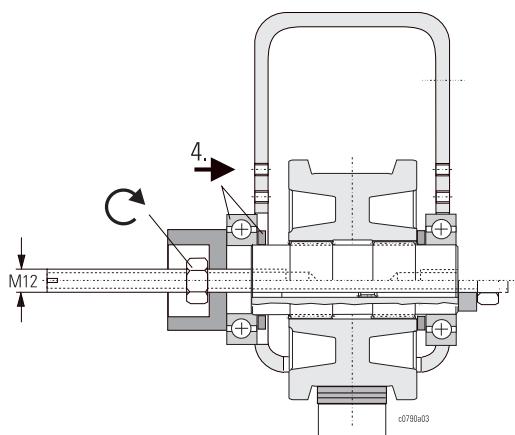
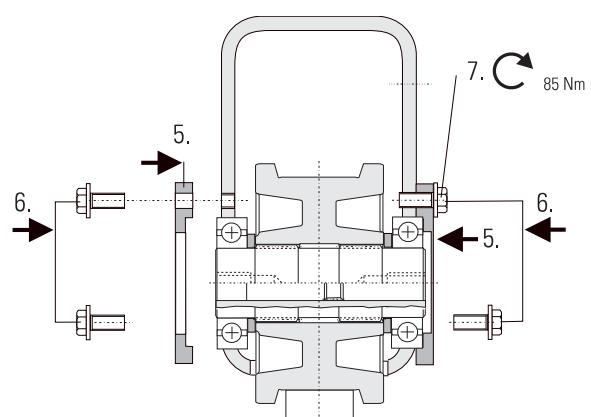


Fig. 4



3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4 Maintenance work (continued)

3.4.3 Refitting wheel

K. L-S 200.. and K. L-S 315..
after replacing bearing

- Press bearing onto wheel axle/shaft as far as collar
- Roll wheel into endcarriage from the front
- Fit flange bearings, Fig. 5
- Bolt on flange bearings. The collars of the flange bearings must lie flat on the endcarriage, Fig. 6

Fig. 5

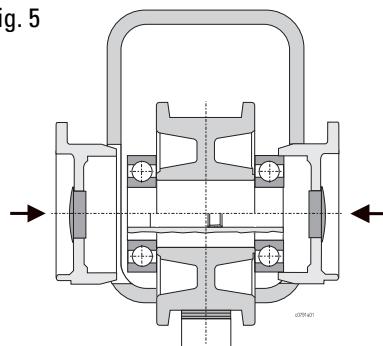
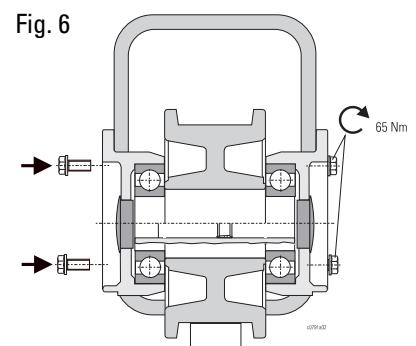


Fig. 6



3.4.3 Refitting wheel

K. L-E 315.. (non-driven)
after replacing bearing

- Grease seat of bearing on shaft, Fig. 7.
(Grease KFP 1K, e.g. Aralub PMD 1).
- Slip Nilos rings onto wheel and press self-aligning roller bearing over inside ring onto the wheel as far as collar. **Caution!** Do not tilt bearing to avoid damaging the Nilos rings.
- Roll wheel into endcarriage from the front.
- Fit bearing flanges, Fig. 7.
- Secure bearing flanges with screws. The eyes of the bearing flanges must lie flush in the countersinks on the endcarriage, Fig. 8.

Fig. 7

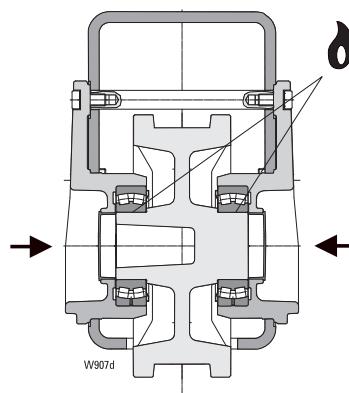
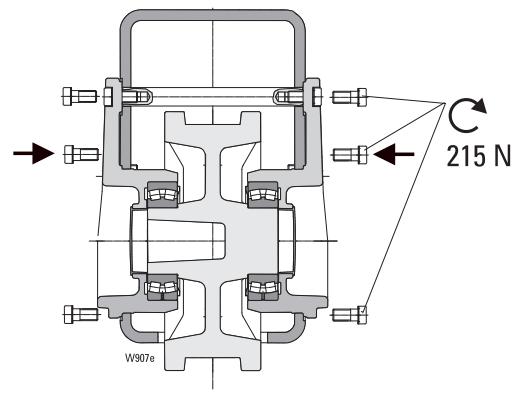


Fig. 8



3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4 Maintenance work (continued)

3.4.3 Refitting wheel

K. L-E 315.. (driven)

after replacing bearing

- Grease seats of bearings and teeth of wheel and wheel shaft, Fig. 9.
(Grease KFP 1K, e.g. Aralub PMD 1).
- Slip Nilos rings onto wheel and press self-aligning roller bearing over the inside ring onto wheel as far as collar. **Caution!** Do not tilt bearing to avoid damaging the Nilos rings.
- Completely fill bearing and half-fill space with grease (See lubrication table for type)
- Roll wheel into endcarriage with the spline profile towards the outside of the endcarriage.
- Fit bearing flanges, Fig. 9.
- Secure bearing flanges with screws. The eyes of the bearing flanges must lie flush in the countersinks on the endcarriage, Fig. 10.
- Push shorter end of wheel shaft into wheel from the connection plate side as far as collar.
- On outside of endcarriage, fit circlip into groove on wheel shaft near bearing and fit plastic cap onto wheel shaft.

Fig. 9

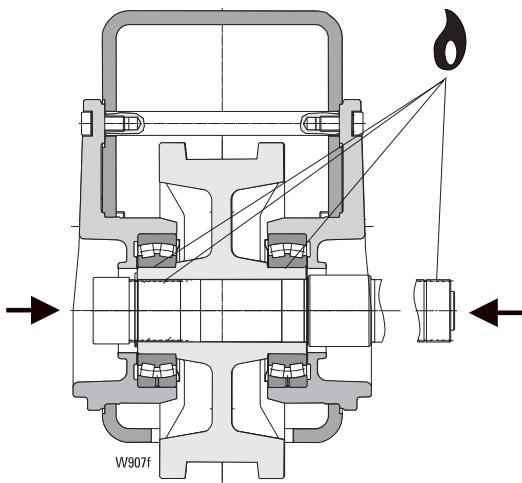
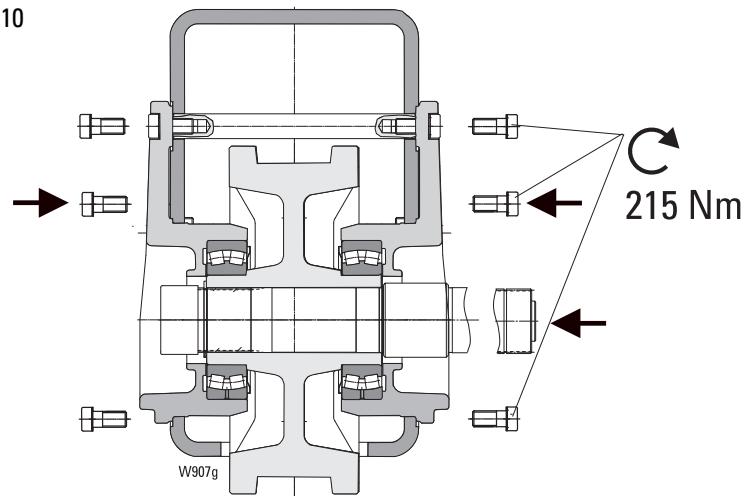


Fig. 10



3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4 Maintenance work (continued)

3.4.3 Refitting wheel

KZL-C 400.. and KZL-F 500.. (FE-A 400..)
after replacing bearing

Caution! When fitting, do not tilt the outer ring of the self-aligning roller bearing against the inside ring!

- If necessary, replace the two gaskets (d) on the wheel.
- Grease bearing seats and gearing of wheel axle/shaft (Grease KPF 1K, e.g. Aralub PMD1).
- Push bearing onto wheel axle/shaft up to collar (wheel axle - marking groove, wheel shaft on drive side), Fig. 11
- Insert bearing into bearing bushing of endcarriage, Fig. 11
- Roll wheel into endcarriage from the front
- Insert wheel axle/shaft into wheel until the gear profile touches (!), Fig. 11
- Insert wheel axle/shaft until the end is flush with the bearing (!), Fig. 12
- Fit circlips, Fig. 13
- Completely fill bearing and half-fill space with grease (See lubrication table for type)
- Replace bearing covers, Figs. 13 and 14
- Lower endcarriage onto crane runway.

Fig. 11

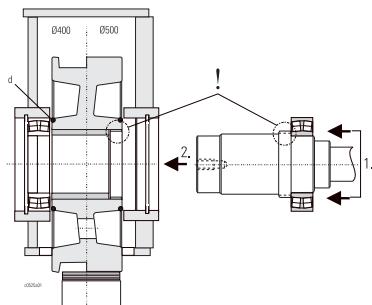


Fig. 12

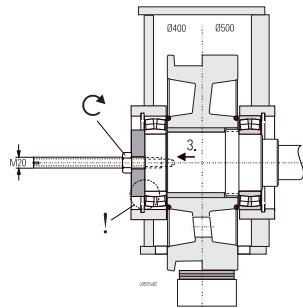


Fig. 13

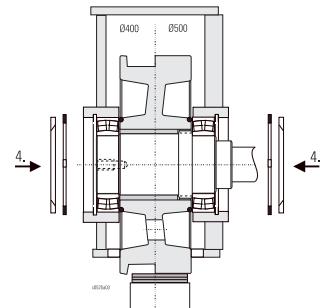
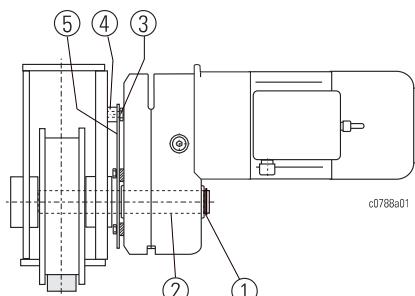
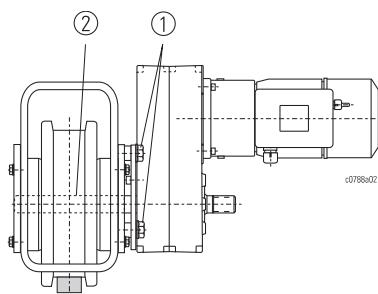
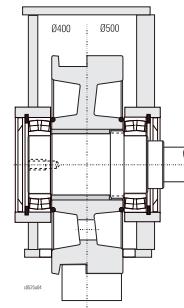


Fig. 14



3.4.4 Fitting travel drive SF ..

- Push travel drive into greased hub of wheel (2)
- Bolt travel drive with torque support to endcarriage with bolts (1), tightening torques: M8 = 25 Nm (SF 15...), M12 = 70 Nm (SF 25... + SF 35...)
- The contact surfaces of the torque support must be free of paint.

3.4.5 Fitting travel drive SA-C ..

- Remove circlip (1)
- Grease gearing (2) of wheel shaft. (Grease KPF 1K, e.g. Aralub PMD1)
- Push travel drive onto wheel shaft.
- Bolt torque support (5) to endcarriage with bolts (3) and spacer part (4). (M12=87 Nm, M16=215 Nm)
- The contact surfaces of the torque support must be free of paint.
- Fit circlip (1) on wheel shaft

3 Endcarriages for overhead travelling cranes

3.4 Maintenance work (continued)

3.4.6 Fitting buffer plate

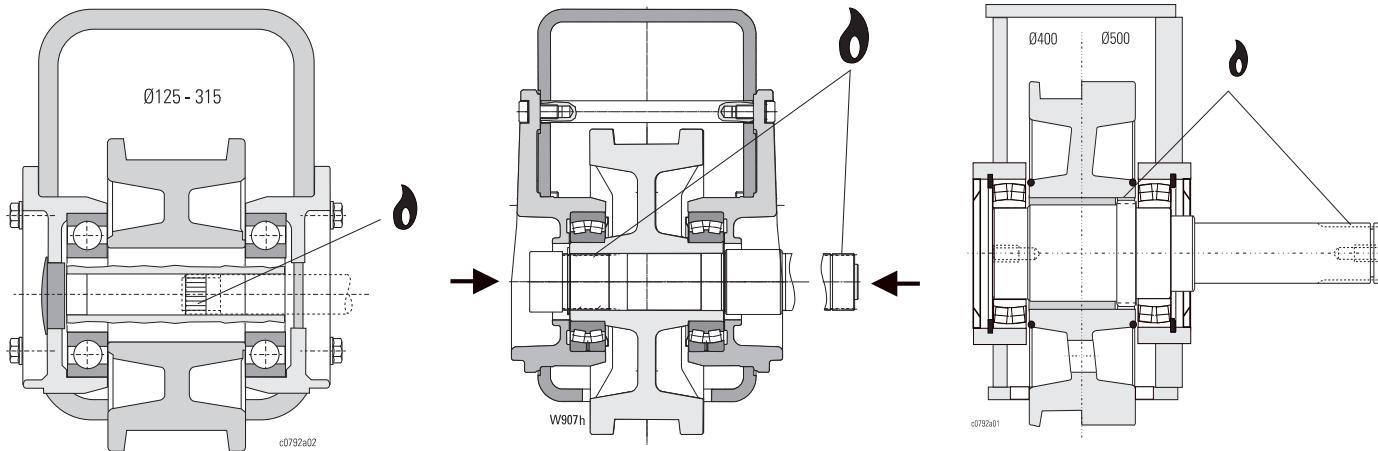
- Push buffer plate (b) into endcarriage section and bolt on, tightening torque 32 Nm (M12) or 740 Nm (M24).

3.4.7 Lubrication

When replacing wheels and during a general overhaul, the gearing between wheel shaft, wheel and travel drive must be lubricated.

Lubricant: KPF 1K Aralub PMD1.

See "Travel drive" for lubrication of travel drive.



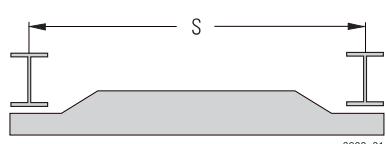
4 Erecting crane

4.1 Checking crane runway

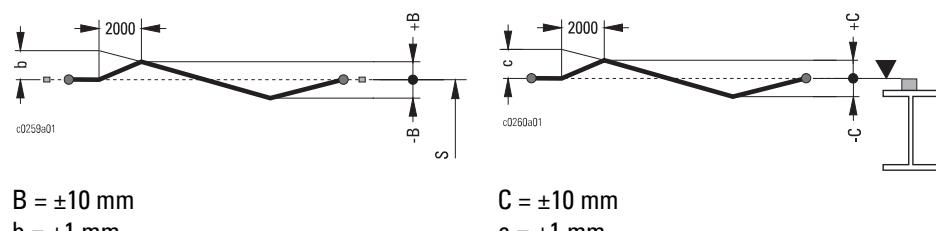
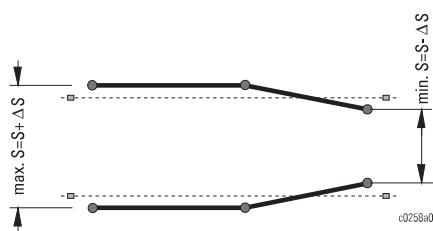
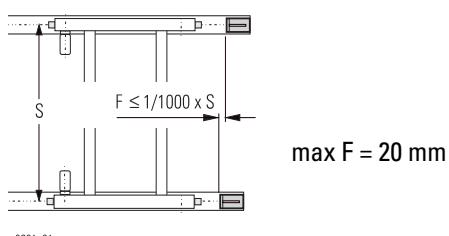


$S \leq 15 \text{ m}$: $\Delta S = \pm 5 \text{ mm}$
 $S \leq 20 \text{ m}$: $\Delta S = \pm 6 \text{ mm}$
 $S \leq 25 \text{ m}$: $\Delta S = \pm 8 \text{ mm}$
 $S \leq 30 \text{ m}$: $\Delta S = \pm 9 \text{ mm}$

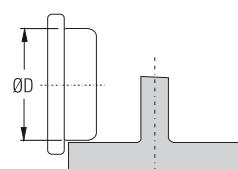
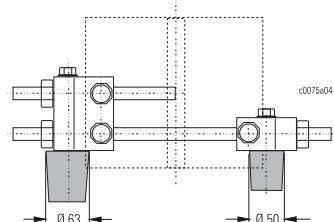
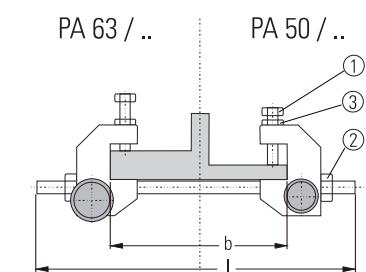
- Check the dimensions and clearance of the runway, see sketches.
- Compare the crane rail or flange width of the crane runway with the wheel width/guide roller setting or flange width set on the endcarriages. ↑ tables for adjustment.
- Fit stable end stops to the ends of the crane runway. The front edges of the crane runway end stops must be flush with each other and be at right-angles to the crane runway, see sketch.
- Ensure that the running surfaces are free of oil, grease, paint or other dirt.
- Ensure that the junctions in the crane rails are even, if necessary grind down.
- The crane runway must comply with the requirements of DIN 4132.



$\Delta S = \pm 3 \text{ mm}$



4.4 Runway end stops



PA .. runway end stops are flanged onto the lower flange of a single girder crane and can be adjusted to different girder profiles:

- Position buffer stop on crane girder at right-angles and according to plan.
- Screw (1) down loosely.
- Screw (2) down loosely.
- Screw (1) down with MA = 215 Nm.
- Screw (2) down with MA = 215 Nm.
- Lock (1) with nuts (3).

Type	b max. [mm]	I [mm]	E max. *3 kg max.	mka endcarriage *1 [kg]	Ø D [mm]
PA 50/200	200	350	3200	200	100 125
PA 50/300	300	450		700	
PA 50/500	500	650			
PA 63/200	200	350	10000 (16000) *2	440	125 160 200
PA 63/300	300	450		(3600) *2	
PA 63/500	500	650			

*1 incl. counterweight

*2 V max.: 20 m/min

*3 $E = 0.1415 \cdot mka \cdot v^2 \cdot x \cdot (Nm)$ mka (t), v (m/min)

x = with travel limit switch: 0.72

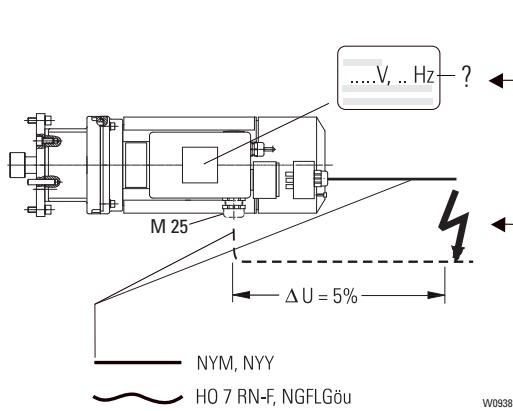
x = without travel limit switch: 1.0

5 Travel drives

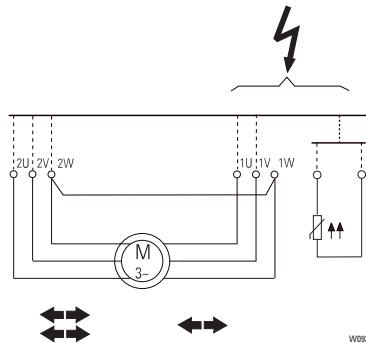
5.1 Assembly

The travel drives are high-quality drives with smooth starting and braking characteristics as is required in particular for material handling.

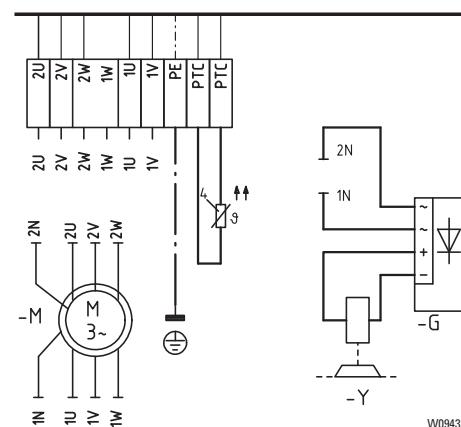
- Ensure correct assembly position. The gear vent plug must always be at the highest point of the gear
- Remove sticker from vent plug.
- Tighten fixing bolts with specified torque
- Check oil level before commissioning
- Complete electrical connection according to circuit diagram (see sketches).



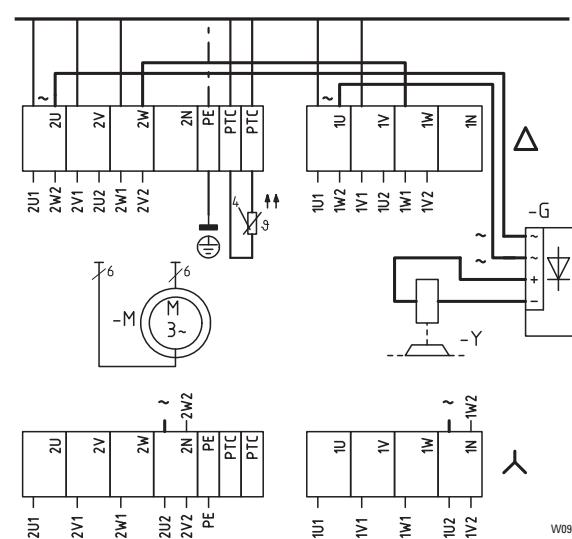
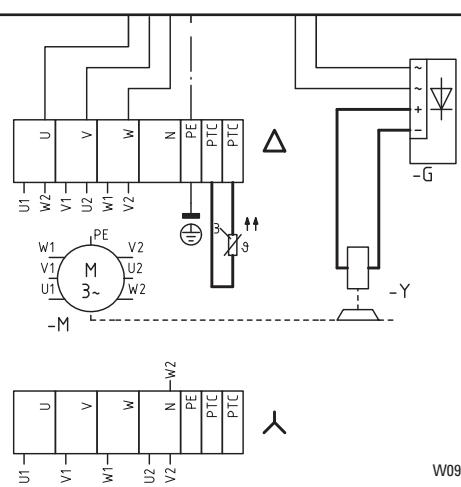
A 04



8/2 F.



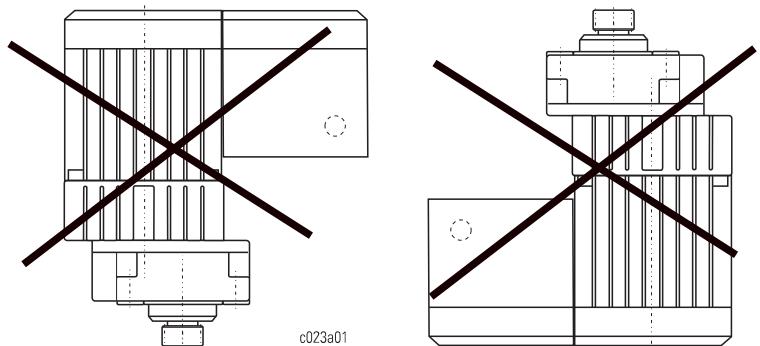
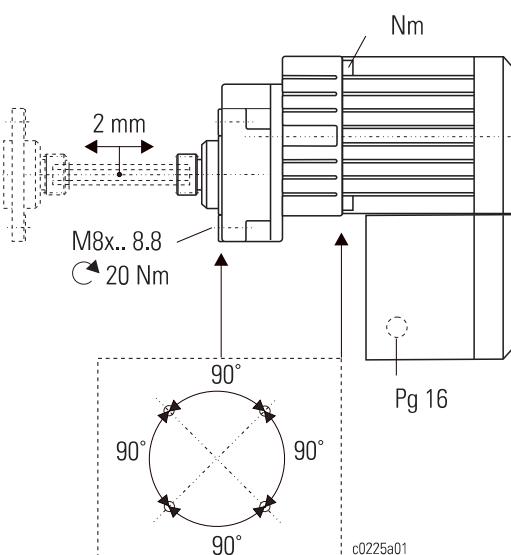
4 F..



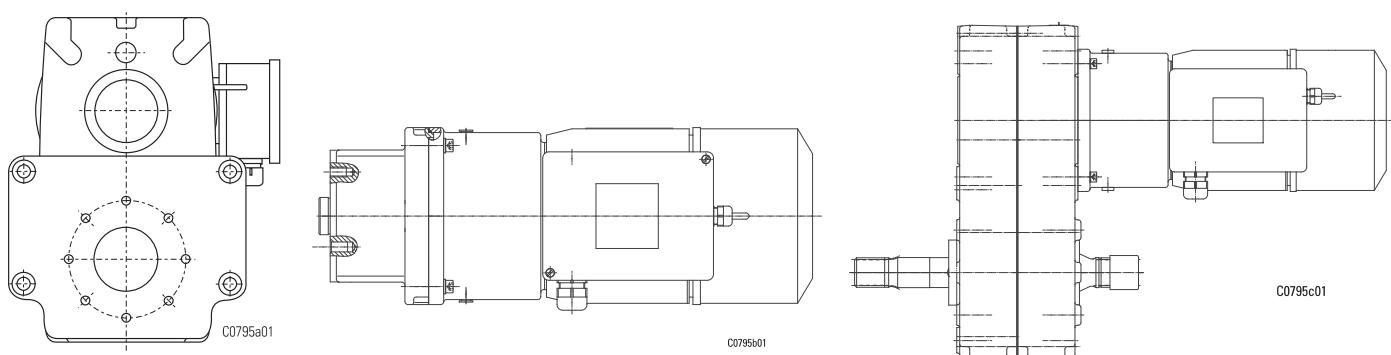
5 Travel drives

5.1 Assembly (continued)

SU-A 1..



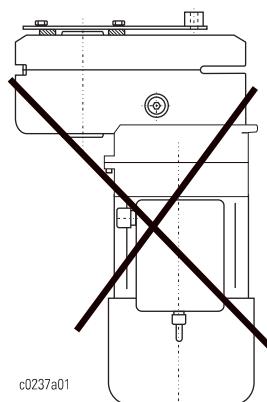
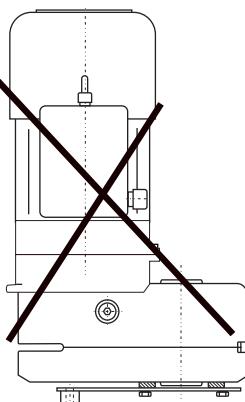
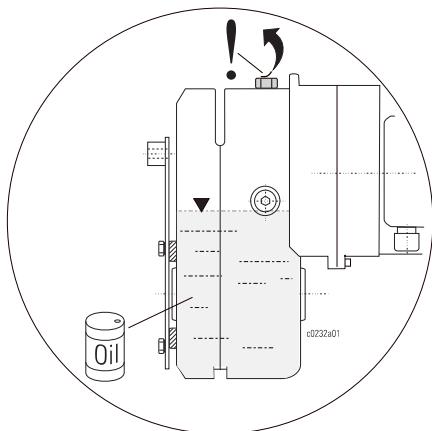
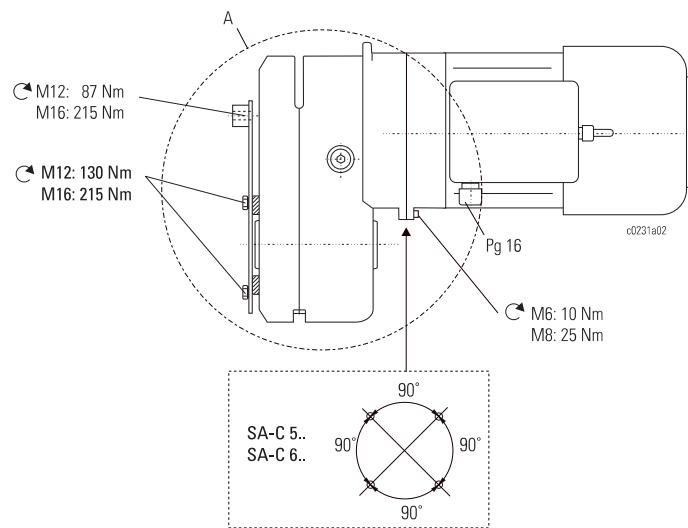
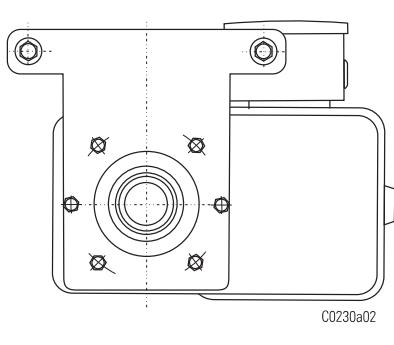
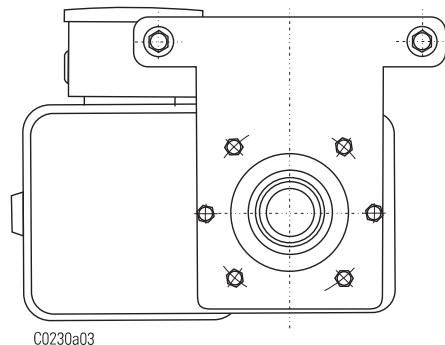
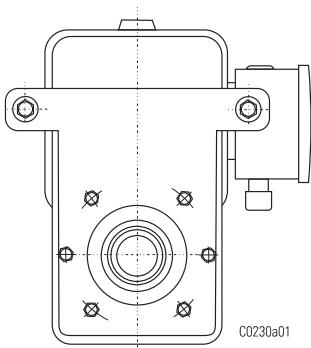
SF ..



5 Travel drives

5.1 Assembly (continued)

SA-C ..



5 Travel drives

5.2 Inspection and maintenance table



This section deals with the operational reliability, availability, and maintaining the value of your travel drives.

Although they are practically maintenance-free, the components subject to wear must be inspected regularly. This is required by the accident prevention regulations. The inspections must be performed by **qualified personnel**, see page 2.

General information on inspection and maintenance

- Maintenance and repair work may only be carried out when the crane is not under load.
- Switch off and padlock main isolator.

Please also note the "Safety instructions" on page 5.
Wearing parts, see page 51.

No.	Inspection on commissioning*1	Daily inspection on starting work *2	Periodic inspections every 12 months *3	Periodic maintenance every 12 months *2	Maintenance after 10 years or general overhaul *4	Inspection and maintenance table (Classification: 1 Bm)	See page
1	●		●	●		Firm seating of bolt connections	44
2			●			Travel drive: attachment, torque support	44
3	●	●	●			Check braking effect of travel drive	42
4	●					Oil level	40
5					●	Change gear oil/gear grease of travel drive	43

*1 By a fitter engaged by the manufacturer

*2 By the operator

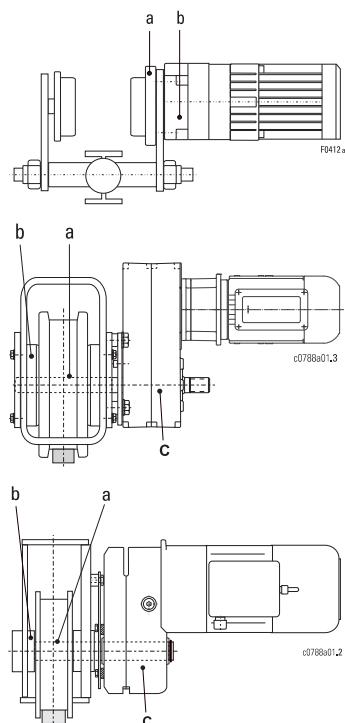
*3 Periodic maintenance every 12 months, possibly earlier if so prescribed by national regulations, to be performed by a fitter engaged by the manufacturer.

Similarly, heavy-duty applications and adverse conditions (dirt, solvents, multi-shift operation etc.) necessitate shortening this inspection and maintenance interval.

*4 In manufacturer's works.

5 Travel drives

5.3 Maintenance work (continued)



5.3.2 Gear

The gear has a long service life. All bearing points have roller bearings. The gearing is hardened, hard-machined and has high safety factors.

- During annual maintenance, check whether any oil has leaked (puddle of oil underneath the gear, drops of oil on the gearbox). If any loss of oil is ascertained, the oil must be changed and repairs scheduled if necessary.
- Note any gear noises from the crane when under load and without load. Rough, noisy running, knocking sounds indicate possible faults.
- If any faults are detected, repairs must be scheduled.
- If there is any uncertainty, a fresh diagnosis can be made after consulting experts, e.g. from the manufacturer (see back cover).

Changing oil/grease of travel drive Lubricating toothed boss of wheel

The SU-A and SF 1... travel drives have a gear with grease lubrication, the SF 25.., SF 35.. and SA-C... have gears with oil lubrication (b).

The toothed boss (a) is lubricated with grease (see table).

The type and quantity of oil or grease can be seen from the table.

Position of lubrication point		Type of lubricant	Designa-tion	Quantity	Charakteristics, makes	Order. No.
a	Toothed boss of wheel	Grease	KPF 1K	50 gr	Soap base: Lithium + MoS2 Dripping point: approx. 185°C (180°C) Penetration: 310-340 (310-340) Operating temperature: -20° to +120°C, (-50° to +150°C), e.g.: Aral Fett P 64037*, Aralub PMD1, BP Multi-purpose Grease L21M, Esso Multi-purpose Grease M, Mobil Grease Special, Shell Retimax AM *1, Texaco Molytex Grease EP2, Fuchs Renolit FLM2, (Fuchs Renolit FLM2)	
b	Wheel bearing!	Grease	KP 2 N-20 (KP 1 G-30)		Soap base: Lithium Dripping point: approx. +260°C (+170°C) Penetration: 265-295 (310-340) Operating temperature: -20° to +140°C (-30° to +140°C) e.g.: Klüberlub BE 41-542* (LGWM1)	
c	SU-A 1.4.1. SU-A 1.4.2.	Grease	KPOK	130 gr 200 gr	Soap base: Lithium + MoS2 Dripping point: approx. +180°C Penetration: 355-385 Operating temperature: -30° to +130°C e.g.: Aral Fett P64037*, Aralub PMD0, Tribol Molub-Aloy Mehrzweckfett	32 250 09 65 0 (0.75 kg)
	SF 1.1.. SF 1.2..	Grease	KPF 0K-20	100 gr 200 gr	Soap base: Lithium + MoS2 Dripping point: ca. +180°C Penetration: 355-385 Operating temperature: -30° to +130°C e.g.: Aral Grease P64037*, Aralub PMD0, Tribol Molub-Aloy Multi-purpose grease	32 250 09 65 0 (0.75 kg)
Gear SF 25.. Gear SF 35.. Gear SA-.. 5.. Gear SA-.. 6..		Oil	CLP 460	1000 ml 1500 ml 1000 ml 3000 ml	Viscosity: 460 cSt/40°C (240 cSt/40°C) Pourpoint: -20°C (-40°) Flash point: +265°C (+270°C) e.g.: Fuchs Renep Compound 110*, Aral Degol BG 460, BP Energol GR-XP 460, Esso Spartan EP 460, Mobil Gear 634, Shell Omala Oel 460, Texaco Meropa 460, (Shell Tivela Oil 82)	32 250 07 65 0 (1 kg)

() = Lubricants for low operating temperatures,max. -30°C

* Factory filling

*1 Only down to -20°C

6 Technical data

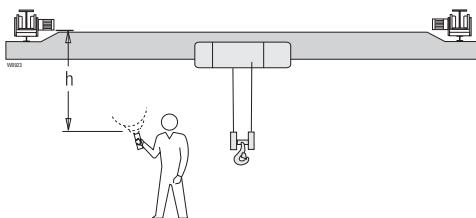
6.1 Tightening torques for bolt connections

The following table comprises the most important bolt connections and the tightening torques necessary for safe connection.

No.	Position of bolt connection		Type	Bolt connection		
	Part 1	Part 2		Thread	Grade	Tightening torque [Nm]
1	Endcarriage	Bearing cover	KEL-S 125 K.L-S 160 K.L-S 200	M10	100	85
			K.L-S 315 K-L-E 315	M12 M16	100 8.8	85 215
2	Endcarriage	Buffer plate	K.L-S ... K-L-E 315 KZL-C 400 KZL-F 500	M12 M16 M24 M24	8.8 215 740 740	32 215 740 740
3	Endcarriage	Guide roller holder/antiderail device	K.L-S ... K-L-E 315 KZL-C 400 KZL-F 500	M12 M24 M24	8.8 8.8 8.8	87 740 740
4	Endcarriage	Bearing plate	K.L-S ... K-L-E 315 KZL-C 400 KZL-F 500	M20 M20 M30 M30	10.9 450 1650 1650	450 450 1650 1650
5	Endcarriage	Buffer plate Guide roller holder-buffer bracket/antiderail device	K.L-S ... K-L-E 315 KZL-C 400 KZL-F 500	M12 M16 M24 M24	8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8	32 215 740 740
6	Guide roller holder/antiderail device	Holder	KEL-S 125 K.L-S 160	M12	100	130
			K.L-S 200 K-L-S 315	M16	100	330
7	Guide roller holder	Guide roller/wheel	KEL-S 125 K.L-S 160	M8	8.8	25
			K.L-S 200 K-L-S 315	M10	8.8	51
8	Travel drive torque support	Endcarriage	SF 15.. SF 25.. SF 35.. SA-C .. SA-C ..	M8 M12 M12 M12 M16	8.8 8.8 70 70 87 215	25 70 70 87 215
			SF 15.. SF 25.. SF 35.. SA-C .. SA-C ..	M8 M10 M10 M12 M16	8.8 8.8 51 51 87 215	25 51 51 87 215
			SF 15.. SF 25.. SF 35.. SA-C .. SA-C ..	M6 M8 M10 M12 M16 M20 M24 M30 M36	8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 430 740 1500 2600	10 25 51 87 215 430 740 1500 2600
			SF 15.. SF 25.. SF 35.. SA-C .. SA-C ..	M6 M8 M10 M12 M16	8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8	10 25 51 87 215
			SF 15.. SF 25.. SF 35.. SA-C .. SA-C ..	M20 M24 M30 M36	8.8	430 740 1500 2600
10	All other bolt connections					

6 Technical data

6.6 Sound pressure level



- Travel drives

Measured at a distance of 1 m from the crane contour.

The mean sound pressure level calculated for one operating cycle (50% with nominal load, 50% without load) can be seen in the tables.

Instead of stating an emission value based on a workplace, the values from the tables at measuring distance "h" can be used.

Indoors

Type of travel drive	[db (A)] + / - 3				
	h [m]				
	1 m	2 m	4 m	8 m	16 m
SU-A ..	78	75	72	69	66
SF .. 2 ...	72	69	66	66	63
SF .. 8 ...	78	75	72	69	66
SA-C ..	72	69	66	66	63

Outdoors

Type of travel drive	[db (A)] + / - 3				
	h [m]				
	1 m	2 m	4 m	8 m	16 m
SU-A ..	78	72	66	60	54
SF .. 2 ...	72	66	60	54	48
SF .. 8 ...	78	72	66	60	54
SA-C ..	72	66	60	54	48

6.7 Conditions of use

The components are designed for use in industry and for the ambient conditions usual in industry.

Special measures must be taken for particular applications such as e.g. high degree of chemical pollution, outdoor use, offshore application, etc.

The manufacturer will be pleased to advise you.

Protection against dust and humidity in acc. with EN 60 529 / IEC

Standard: IP 55

Option: IP66

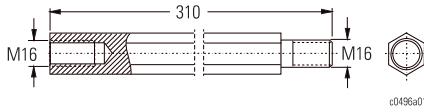
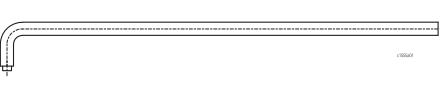
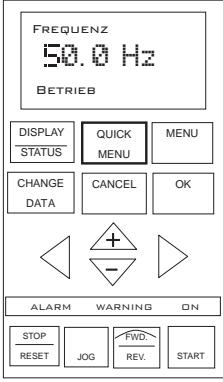
Permissible ambient temperatures

Standard: -20°C ... +40°C

Option: +60°

Frequency inverters can be used from -20°C to +50°C (non-dewelling).

8 Assembly aids and special tools

Fig.	Designation		Order No.
Crane components			
	Assembly aid for suspension crane endcarriages (8 pcs required)	KEH-A ...	23 722 05 92 0
	Off-standard Allen key with pin	SU-A ..	51 253 00 66 0
	LCP2 operating unit 1.5 m connection cable	SFD	579 942 0 579 943 0

9 General information

9.1 Seminars

We offer seminars covering all main product groups, such as seminars for crane operators, wire rope hoist seminar, chain hoist seminar, seminar on load suspension equipment and seminar for material conveying equipment.

However we would be pleased to offer a special programme orientated on your individual specifications and requirements.

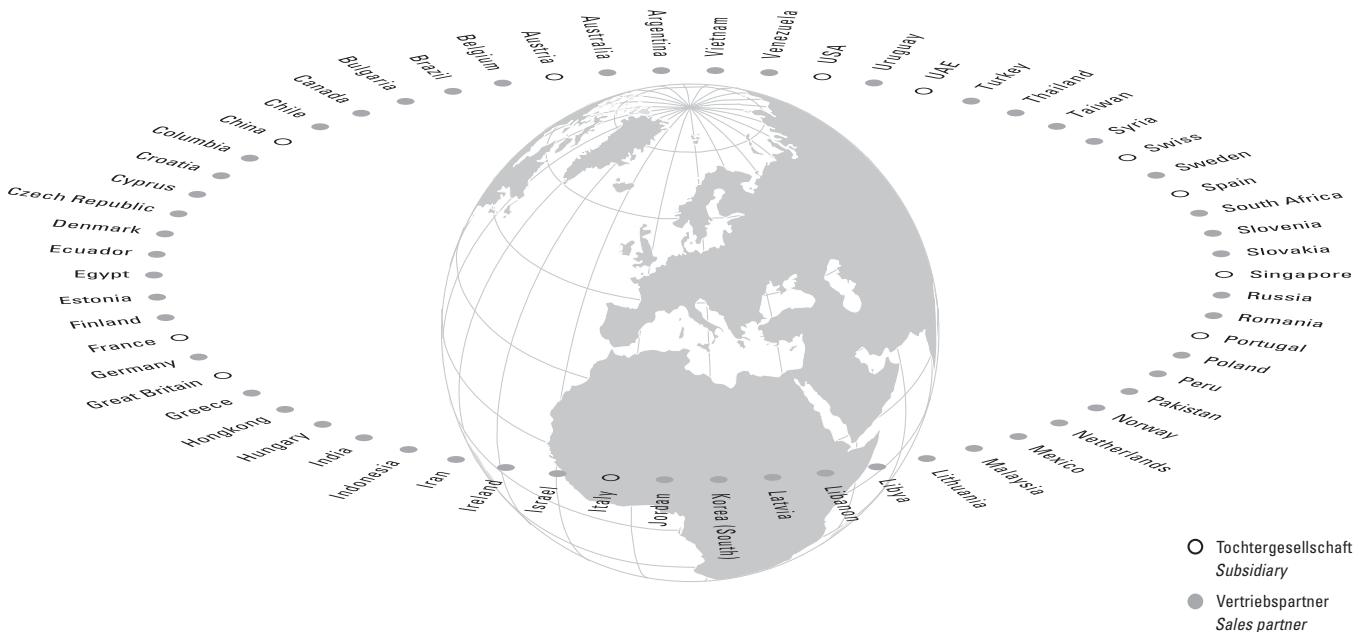
The seminars are individual modules or can form part of a long-term training course; they are held in German or English.

Each seminar is concluded with a certificate.

You can obtain information on our seminar programme from:

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marketing@stahlcranes.com

Or you can find information at →www.stahlcranes.com



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